

1955 Lakeway Dr., # 260, Lewisville, Texas 75057 972.221.4600 | RideDCTA.net

Board of Directors Regular Meeting

February 16, 2016 | 2:30 p.m.*

*or immediately following Board Work Session scheduled at 2:00 p.m. on February16, 2016

CALL TO ORDER

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE TO US AND TEXAS FLAGS

INVOCATION

WELCOME AND INTRODUCTION OF VISITORS

AGENCY AWARDS AND RECOGNITIONS

1. CONSENT AGENDA

- a. Approval of Minutes Board Meeting January 28, 2016
- b. Acceptance of Financial Statements
- c. Authorize the President to enter into an agreement with the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) for limited funding to support operation of contracted service within the City of Frisco.
- d. Authorize the President to enter into an agreement with the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) for the loan of four vehicles which will be utilized in the deployment of contract service for the City of Frisco
- e. Authorize the President to enter into an agreement with the Texoma Area Paratransit System (TAPS) for the purchase of six (6) buses and fareboxes in an amount not to exceed \$150,000.
- f. Capital Budget Revision FEMA/Flood Projects

2. REGULAR AGENDA

- a. Presentation of Audit Report for Fiscal Year End 9/30/2015 by Weaver & Tidwell, LLP
- b. Discussion/Action Accept the 2015 Financial Statements and Supplementary Information
- c. Discussion and Approval of amendment to Article IV Section 2 of DCTA Bylaws governing officer term limits
- d. Board Officer Elections
- Convene Executive Session. The Board may convene the Regular Board Meeting into Closed Executive Session for the following:

- a. As Authorized by Section 551.071(2) of the Texas Government Code, the Work Session or the Regular Board Meeting may be Convened into Closed Executive Session for the Purpose of Seeking Confidential Legal Advice from the General Counsel on any Agenda Item Listed Herein.
- b. As Authorized by Texas Government Code section 551.071 consultation with General Counsel regarding pending litigation Cause No 2011-30066-211; URS Corporation v. Denton County Transportation Authority; 211th District Court, Denton County, Texas.
- 4. Reconvene Open Session
 - Reconvene and Take Necessary Action on Items Discussed during Executive Session.
- 5. CHAIR REPORT
 - a. Discussion of Regional Transportation Issues
 - b. Discussion Legislative Issues
 - i. Regional
 - ii. State
 - iii. Federal
- 6. PRESIDENT'S REPORT
 - a. Budget Transfers
 - b. Regional Transportation Issues

7. REPORT ON ITEMS OF COMMUNITY INTEREST

a. Pursuant to Texas Government Section 551.0415 the Board of Directors may report on following items: (1) expression of thanks, congratulations, or condolences; (2) information about holiday schedules; (3) recognition of individuals; (4) reminders about upcoming DCTA and Member City events; (5) information about community events; and (6) announcements involving imminent threat to public health and safety.

ADJOURN

Chair - Charles Emery Vice Chair - Paul Pomeroy Secretary – Richard Huckaby Treasurer – Dave Kovatch

Members – Skip Kalb, Doug Peach, Jim Robertson, Tom Winterburn, Don Hartman, George A. Campbell, Allen Harris, Carter Wilson, Connie White President – Jim Cline

The Denton County Transportation Authority meeting rooms are wheelchair accessible. Access to the building and special parking are available at the main entrance. Requests for sign interpreters or special services must be received forty-eight (48) hours prior to the meeting time by emailing rcomer@dcta.net or calling Rusty Comer at 972-221-4600.

This notice was posted on 2/11/2016 at 4:54 PM.	
Rusty Comer, Public Information Coordinator	



Board of Directors

Work Session Minutes

The Board of Directors of the Denton County Transportation Authority convened the work session of the Board of Directors with Chairman Charles Emery presiding at 1:31 p.m. January 28, 2016 at 1955 Lakeway Drive, Suite 260, Lewisville, Texas 75057. A quorum was present.

Attendance

Small Cities

Connie White Skip Kalb

Large Cities

Charles Emery, Lewisville, Chairman Paul Pomeroy, Highland Village, Vice-Chair Richard Huckaby, Denton, Secretary (arrived at 2:23 p.m.) Carter Wilson, Frisco (arrived at 1:34 p.m.) Tom Winterburn, Corinth

Denton County Unincorporated

George A. Campbell

Denton County at Large

Dave Kovatch, Treasurer (arrived at 1:39 p.m.)

Dave Kovatch, Denton County at Large

Board Members Absent

Allen Harris, The Colony Doug Peach, Little Elm Jim Robertson, Flower Mound Don Hartman, Denton County Unincorporated

Legal Counsel

Peter G. Smith, General Counsel Joe Gorfida, General Counsel Terry Salazar, Outside Litigation Counsel

DCTA Staff

Jim Cline, President
Raymond Suarez, Chief Operating Officer
Kristina Brevard, Vice President Planning
and Development
Anna Mosqueda, Chief Financial Officer
Sarah Munson – Senior Marketing
Specialist

Others in Attendance

Marisa Perry - Controller Javier Trilla – IT Manager Amanda Riddle – Budget Manager Chrissy Nguyen – Senior Accountant

Chairman Charles Emery called the meeting to order and announced the presence of a quorum.

- 1. Retirement Reception for Karen Jim Cline announced Karen Rye's retirement
- 2. Routine Briefing Items
 - a. Financial Reports Anna Mosqueda, Chief Financial Officer, reported on the following financial items
 - i. Financial Statements November / December 2015
 - ii. Capital Projects Report

- iii. Sales Tax Report
- iv. Investment Report 1Qtr FY2016
- v. Procurement Report
- vi. Grants Quarterly Report
- b. Strategic Planning / Development Kristina Brevard, Vice President Planning & Development, gave an update
- 3. Convene Executive Session at 2:07 p.m. (Item 6 from agenda)
 - As Authorized by Texas Government Code section 551.071 consultation with General Counsel regarding pending litigation Cause No 2011-30066-211; URS Corporation v. Denton County Transportation Authority; 211th District Court, Denton County, Texas.
- 4. Reconvene Open Session at 3:43 p.m. no action was taken
- 5. Routine Briefing Item (Item 2c from agenda)
 - a. Marketing and Communications Sarah Munson, Senior Marketing Specialist, gave an update
- 6. Items for Discussion (Item 3a from agenda)
 - a. Board Retreat Preparation Rusty Comer, Public Information Officer and Jim Cline, President informed the board of the following
 - i. Logistics
 - ii. Agenda Review
 - iii. Review of Policies and Previous Planning Initiatives
 - Familiarization with the Video Recording Equipment Javier Trilla, IT Manager gave an overview
- 7. Committee Chair Report (Item 4 from agenda)
 - a. Finance Committee (1/18/2016) Dave Kovatch, chair gave an update and reminded the board of the extra finance committee meeting in March
- 8. Discussion of Regular Board Meeting Agenda Items (January 2016)
 - Paul Pomeroy and the Board discussed Regular Meeting Item 2a to see if it could be pushed to the February Board Meeting for action after Board consideration of a proposed amendment of the bylaws
- 9. Routine Briefing Item (Item 2 d&e from agenda)
 - Capital Projects Update Raymond Suarez, Chief Operating Officer, gave an update
 - b. Transit Operations Raymond Suarez, Chief Operating Officer, gave an update

- 10. Discussion of Future Agenda Items Paul Pomeroy indicated that he wanted to have a future regular agenda item for consideration of a bylaw amendment prior to the election of the officers
- 11. Work session was adjourned at 4:30 p.m.

	28, 2016 work session meeting of the Board of Directors were on this 16 th day of February, 2016.	е
	Charles Emery, Chairman	
ATTEST		

Richard Huckaby, Secretary



Board of Directors

Board Meeting Minutes

The regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Denton County Transportation Authority was convened with Chairman Charles Emery presiding at 4:30 p.m. January 28, 2016 at 1955 Lakeway Drive, Suite 260, Lewisville, Texas 75057. A quorum was present.

Attendance

Small Cities

Connie White Skip Kalb

Large Cities

Charles Emery, Lewisville, Chairman
Paul Pomeroy, Highland Village, Vice-Chair
Richard Huckaby, Denton, Secretary
Carter Wilson, Frisco
Tom Winterburn, Corinth
Dave Kovatch, Denton County at Large

Denton County Unincorporated

George A. Campbell

Denton County at Large

Dave Kovatch, Treasurer

Board Members Absent

Allen Harris, The Colony Doug Peach, Little Elm Jim Robertson, Flower Mound Don Hartman, Denton County Unincorporated

Legal Counsel

Peter G. Smith, General Counsel

DCTA Staff

Jim Cline, President
Raymond Suarez, Chief Operating Officer
Kristina Brevard, Vice President Planning
and Development
Anna Mosqueda, Chief Financial Officer
Sarah Munson – Senior Marketing
Specialist

Others in Attendance

Marisa Perry - Controller Javier Trilla – IT Manager Amanda Riddle – Budget Manager Chrissy Nguyen – Senior Accountant

CALL TO ORDER – Chairman Charles Emery called the meeting to order and announced the presence of a quorum of the Board.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE TO US AND TEXAS FLAGS – led by Paul Pomeroy

INVOCATION - led by Charles Emery

WELCOME AND INTRODUCTION OF VISITORS

AGENCY AWARDS AND RECOGNITIONS – Jim Cline presented Karen Rye with a plaque commemorating her nine years with DCTA

1. CONSENT AGENDA

- a. Approval of Minutes Board Meeting December 17, 2015
- b. Acceptance of Financial Statements (November/December 2015)
- c. Acceptance of Quarterly Investment Report (1Qtr FY2016)
- Rescind Award of Fleet Collision Repair Contract and Award New Contract
- e. Approval of Task Order for Flume Repair and Mitigation
- f. Amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Segal Waters Consulting for Classification Compensation Study
 - Motion to approve Consent Agenda Items a-f made by Richard Huckaby. 2nd by George A. Campbell. Motion carried unanimously.

2. REGULAR AGENDA

- a. Board Officer Elections
 - Paul Pomeroy discussed with the Board a dersire for the Board to consider an amendment to the Bylaws, to change the effective date of term limits for the Board Chair position, prior to electing the officers with the proposed amendment to be considered at the next regular board meeting prior to the election of the officers. A copy of the proposed amendment to the Bylaws was distributed to members of the Board. Motion to postpone the election of officers to the February 16, 2016 Board meeting and to have the proposed amendment to the Bylaws to be placed on the agenda for consideration and action prior to the election of was made by Paul Pomeroy. 2nd by Dave Koyatch. Motion carried unanimously.
- 2. Convene Executive Session. The board did not meet in executive session.
- 3. CHAIR REPORT Charles Emery gave an update on these issues
 - a. Discussion of Regional Transportation Issues
 - b. Discussion Legislative Issues
 - i. Regional
 - ii. State
 - iii. Federal
- 4. PRESIDENT'S REPORT Jim Cline provided information on the following items
 - a. Budget Transfers Transferred \$28,000 from fuel savings in Connect to Connect Leases for the leasing of buses from the Fort Worth T
 - b. Regional Transportation Issues

5. REPORT ON ITEMS OF COMMUNITY INTEREST

a. Pursuant to Texas Government Section 551.0415 the Board of Directors may report on following items: (1) expression of thanks, congratulations,

or condolences; (2) information about holiday schedules; (3) recognition of individuals; (4) reminders about upcoming DCTA and Member City events; (5) information about community events; and (6) announcements involving imminent threat to public health and safety.

- Jim Cline gave an update on the recent Open House meetings

6. ADJOURN 4:38 p.m.

 Motion to adjourn made by Paul Pomeroy. 2nd by Skip Kalb. Motion carried unanimously.

The minutes of the January 28, 2016 meeting of the Board of Directors were passed, and approved by a vote on this 16th day of February, 2016.

	Charles Emery, Chairman	
ATTEST		
Richard Huckaby, Secretary		



February 16, 2016

Subject: 1(c) Authorize the President to enter into an agreement with the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) for limited funding to support operation of contracted service within the City of Frisco.

Background

Texoma Area Paratransit System (TAPS) discontinued public transportation services in Collin County in November 2015. In response to requests for assistance from affected cities within Collin County, the Regional Transportation Council (RTC) approved a contingency plan with funding for interim service for 90 days in areas formerly served by TAPS, including the City of Frisco.

Identified Need

The funding provided by the NCTCOG will be used to offset some of the expense incurred by the City of Frisco for the provision of DCTA contracted service.

Financial Impact

There will be no negative financial impact incurred by DCTA with this agreement.

Recommendation

Staff recommends the Board of Directors authorize the President to execute the agreement with the North Central Council of Governments (NCTCOG).

Submitted by:

Kristina Brevard

VP, Planning & Development

Approval:

James C. Cline, Jr., P.E.,

Président



February 16, 2016

Subject: 1(d) Authorize the President to enter into an agreement with the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) for the loan of four vehicles which will be utilized in the deployment of contract service for the City of Frisco.

Background

Texoma Area Paratransit System (TAPS) discontinued public transportation services in Collin County in November 2015. NCTCOG reclaimed fleet from TAPS which had been used to provide service in Collin County. DCTA submitted a fleet request to the NCTCOG to assist in the provision of contracted service for the City of Frisco.

Identified Need

The vehicles NCTCOG has available to loan DCTA will be used for the provision of contracted service within the City of Frisco.

Financial Impact

Though the agreement for this transaction hasn't yet been finalized, it is expected that all costs will be incurred by the NCTCOG. If there are any costs incurred by DCTA, they would be minimal and budget neutral.

Recommendation

Staff recommends the Board of Directors authorize the President to execute the agreement with the North Central Council of Governments (NCTCOG).

Submitted by:

Kristina Brevard

VP, Planning & Development

Approval:

James C. Cline, Jr., P.E.,

President



February 16, 2016

Subject: 1(e) Authorize the President to enter into an agreement with the Texoma Area Paratransit System (TAPS) for the purchase of six (6) buses and fare boxes in an amount not to exceed \$150,000.

Background

Texoma Area Paratransit System (TAPS) discontinued public transportation services in Collin County in November 2015. TAPS desires to sell up to six (6) transit buses and 20 fare boxes to DCTA for an amount not to exceed \$150,000. These vehicles were acquired by TAPS utilizing federal funds. Both DCTA and TAPS are grantees of the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) so the federal interest in the vehicles is eligible to be transferred. These vehicles have not reached the end of their useful life, therefore written approval from FTA is required before the assets can be transferred. However, in order to complete the transfer in a timely manner, it is necessary for the President to be able to execute an agreement with TAPS as soon as all the requirements for the transfer are met.

This Board action will authorize the President to execute an agreement with TAPS contingent upon DCTA staff doing its due diligence regarding actual condition of vehicles, confirmation that titles can be transferred free and clear of any obligations and required approval for transfer has been obtained from the FTA.

Part of the FTA approval process requires both Boards to approve a resolution with the detailed asset information. This resolution will be placed on a future Board agenda for action prior to the final asset transfer.

Identified Need

DCTA is in need of additional buses to augment existing fleet to provide revenue service and help maintain an appropriate fleet spare ratio.

Financial Impact

DCTA has realized fuel savings from bus operations for the first three months of the fiscal year adequate to fund this purchase. Since this is a transfer of assets from a grantee that utilized federal funds for the original purchase, and there is still a federal interest because the vehicles have not reached the end of their useful life, DCTA cannot use federal funds to acquire the vehicles, therefore local funds are required for the purchase.

A Capital Project Budget amendment to transfer fuel savings to the 2016 Fleet Acquisition Capital Project, along with the Board resolution for FTA will be placed on a future Board agenda.

Recommendation

Staff recommends the Board of Directors authorize the President to negotiate and execute the agreement for the purchase of up to six TAPS buses and up to 20 fare boxes in an amount not to exceed \$150,000.00 contingent upon DCTA staff completing its required due diligence as outlined in this memo.

Submitted by:

Raymond Suarez, COO

Approved by:

Jim Cline President



February 16, 2016

Subject: 1(f) Capital Budget Revision – FEMA/Flood Projects

Background

During the flooding in May/June, 2015, DCTA experienced significant damage to our rail, signal systems and drainage structures. DCTA staff has been working with FEMA to secure assistance for the repairs and mitigation. We have received preliminary approval for one small project (under \$122,600), and four large projects. These projects require engineering services and a federally compliant bid process in order to qualify for FEMA reimbursement.

Identified Need

We have created five project ID's to capture the costs associated with the capital projects related to the 2015 flood:

ID	Issue	Estimated Total Cost
61713-1	Rail Facility Flume Repair	\$325,482
61713-2	Grade Crossing Replacements	\$2,157,760
61713-3	Hebron Signal House	\$122,000
61713-4	Ballast Undercutting	\$761,600
61713-5	Pockrus Page	\$623,000
	TOTAL	\$3,989,842
	Less Funds Budgeted	(\$1,500,000)
	Net Additional Capital Funds Needed	\$2,489,842

Financial Impact

The capital budget currently includes a total of \$1,500,000 for flood related expenses. Staff has been working directly with FEMA and has received preliminary approval on projects 61713-1 thru 61713-4 and is waiting on approval of project 61713-5. The new additional capital funds needed will be reimbursed by FEMA at 75%. Reserve funds may need to be utilized during the reimbursement waiting period. DCTA is also receiving insurance funds related to the Hebron Signal House project.

Recommendation

Staff recommends the Board of Directors approve this capital budget revision to add projects 61713-1 thru 61713-5 for all 2015 flood related projects.

Submitted by:

Ann Boulden

Senior Project Manager

Approval:

Raymond Suarez, COO

Current

Transfer Revision

Type:

	Budget Amount	Revision Amount	Budget Amount
TO: 61713-1 Rail Facility Flume Repair (2015 Flood)	•	325,482	325,482
Total	•	325,482	325,482
Explanation:			
During the May and June 2015, an area just no to the drainage ditch, with the potential to comp proposed one option to repair the erosion and approved the mitigation. This project budget report of our actual cost.	promise a track spur. Jacobs d another to mitigate it, so	Engineering inspected that it never happens	I the damage and again. FEMA has
Date: 1/27/2016	Requested By	Ann Boulden	7
Date 2 3 20 4	Reviewed By	Awarda Kidd	<u>le</u>
Date 3 February 2014	President	James C. Cle	

Budget Sit-Up It

2016-04

Adjusted

Number:

Budget

Number:

2016-06

Type:	Transfer Revision			
		Current Budget Amount	Budget Revision Amount	Adjusted Budget Amount
TO: 61713-2 Grade Crossin	g Replacements (2015 Flood)		2,157,760	2,157,760
	Total	-	2,157,760	2,157,760
Explanation:				
represents the total engineering firm. The	eding in May/June 2015, 11 gradestimated cost of replacing all budget assumes that all 11 crations with FEMA regarding this	11 crossings, including ossings will be replace	preparation of bid sp	pecifications by an
D 1 107/0040		Degraphed Du	Ann Rouldon	
Date: 1/27/2016	***************************************	Requested By	Ann Boulden	lle
Date 3 February	2016	Reviewed By President	James C Cle	

Budget let-ly Sh

Number:

2016-09

				-	
Type:	Transfer	✓			
		Bu	rrent dget ount	Budget Revision Amount	Adjusted Budget Amount
TO: 61713-3 Hebron Signal Hoo	use (2015 Flood)		**	122,000	122,000
	Total		-	122,000	122,000
Explanation:					
This project will provide submerged in 2' of water flood plain. Our insurant deductible and the mitigate	er during the May/June nce carrier will reimbu	2015 flood. This a	also provides	funds to raise the	building out of the
Date: 2/2/2016		Requeste	ed By	Ann Boulden	
Date 2/3/2014		Reviewe	d By	Amanda Ridd	le
Date 3 February 20		Presiden	t S	James C Cl	- 4

Bridget Set-Up Mk

Number:

Type:	Transfer Revision	✓			
			Current Budget Amount	Budget Revision Amount	Adjusted Budget Amount
TO: 61713-4 Ballast Undercutting (2	2015 Flood)		-	761,600	761,600
	Total	=	•	761,600	761,600
Explanation:					
Approximately three miles Engineering to conduct a G mile is sufficiently fouled to specification and construction management.	round Penetrat require ballast	ing Radar stu replacement.	dy of the track. This project will	Their report indicates the provide for the engineer	at approximately 1 ing to create a bid
Date: 2/2/2016	_		Requested By	Ann Boulden	11.
Date #13/7014	-		Reviewed By	Awardania	ell
Date 3 February 2016			President	Jame Cle	1

Budget Set Up SK

2016-10

			Number:	2016-13
Type:	Transfer	<u>✓</u>		
		Current Budget Amount	Budget Revision Amount	Adjusted Budget Amount
TO: 61713-5 Pockrus Page (2015 F	Flood)		- 623,000	623,000
	Total		- 623,000	623,000
Explanation:				
The excessive rain and floofail. This project budget repr	-		-	- (7)
Date: 2/2/2016	_	Requested By	Ann Boulden	11.
Date 2 10 2014	_	Reviewed By	Anardakid	dll
Date	_	President		



Letter of Transmittal February 16, 2016

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board Denton County Transportation Authority Lewisville, Texas

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Denton County Transportation Authority (DCTA) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

This report provides the DCTA Board of Directors, citizens of DCTA's service area, our bondholders and other interested parties with detailed information concerning the financial condition and activities of DCTA. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the DCTA. Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, DCTA's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects, and is organized in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the DCTA as measured by the financial activity of the fund. We also believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the DCTA's financial affairs have been included.

Weaver and Tidwell, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the DCTA's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2015. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and the two should be read in conjunction with each other.

DCTA PROFILE

DCTA is a Coordinated County Transportation Authority as defined in Chapter 460 of the Texas Transportation Code. It is granted power under this Texas law to plan, develop, acquire, construct, own, operate, and maintain a public transportation system in Denton County. DCTA provides fixed route, demand response bus service, university shuttle, vanpools and commuter rail service in Denton County.

Location

Denton County is located in the northern part of the Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex adjacent to both Dallas and Tarrant counties. The county is 953 square miles and is approximately 35 miles south of the border between Texas and Oklahoma. The county, founded in 1846, is one of the fastest growing counties in the U.S. with an estimated population of 734,940 in 2015.

Governance

DCTA is governed by a 14-member Board. The members represent the county of Denton and are appointed by respective City Councils or the County Commissioners Court as follows: one member from each municipality with population of 17,000 or more (8 total); three members appointed by the Denton County Commissioners Court; and three members designated by the remaining municipalities with a population of greater than 500 and less than 17,000. Each member serves a term of two years and may be reappointed. There are no term limits for service on the Board. Board officers are elected from the Board membership and serve a one-year term with no term limits, except for the Board Chair who may not serve for than four (4) consecutive terms.

Agency Background

In 2002, legislation authorizing DCTA was passed. On September 13, 2003 the voters of Denton County created DCTA. The primary revenue source for DCTA is a ½ cent local sales tax from its three (3) member cities - Denton, Highland Village, and Lewisville. Collection of the sales and use tax dedicated to DCTA from these three (3) cities began January 1, 2004. This revenue helps fund DCTA's Long Range Service Plan which includes a commuter rail component and a bus service component with local fixed route bus service, university shuttle service, and demand response and vanpool service. The Long Range Service Plan also outlines the plan for a network of Park-and-Rides and Rail and Bus operations facilities to serve Denton County residents. These elements provide services to help mitigate congestion, improve mobility, and provide regional connectivity. DCTA's A-train rail service connects Denton County with Dallas Area Rapid Transit (DART) light rail transit facilities via a convenient cross platform transfer and provides access to the greater Dallas-Fort Worth area.

Construction of DCTA's A-train rail corridor was accomplished with funding via a Regional Toll Road Funding Initiative (RTRFI) grant received in March of 2009. After the RTRFI funding was received, DCTA completed construction of the rail corridor and began rail revenue service in just over two and one-half years. A contract for construction of the 21-mile rail corridor was awarded in May of 2009. Construction of the rail corridor and rail stations linking riders from Denton County to the DART light rail was completed, and passenger service began in June of 2011. This new rail corridor provides access to regional rail service to over half of the county population. A major milestone of DCTA's initial Long Range Service Plan was achieved with the start of A-train commuter rail service in 2011.

In February 2012, the DCTA Board of Directors updated its Long Range Service Plan. This update provides the framework for DCTA service planning for the next 25 years. DCTA's Long Range Service Plan supports the goals of North Central Texas Council of Government's (NCTCOG) Mobility 2035 Plan. NCTCOG is the regional Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), the organization charged with coordinating regional transportation planning efforts, and Mobility 2035 serves as a blueprint for the region's transportation system planning.

The goals defined in Mobility 2035 guide efforts to accommodate the multimodal mobility needs of the region. DCTA and other regional transit agencies, as well as local governments, use Mobility 2035 as a reference for their own planning efforts, which in turn provide feedback to update the NCTCOG Mobility 2035 Plan. NCTCOG is currently in the process of completing the new update of the regional Mobility Plan—the 2040 Mobility Plan. DCTA is providing input regarding key service components of DCTA Long Range Service Plan for incorporation into the NCTCOG 2040 Mobility Plan.

Revenue from the ½ cent sales and use tax from the cities of Denton, Highland Village, and Lewisville, federal and state grants, service contracts, operating fares, investment income, long-term financing, and other revenues fund the operations and implementation of DCTA's Long Range Service Plan.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

DCTA is accounted for as a single entity enterprise fund and reports financial results in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) guidance. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the audited financial statements, external reporting, and internally for budgeting, with revenues recorded in the period that they are earned and expenses recorded in the period in which the liability or benefit is expected.

On an annual basis, DCTA develops and adopts an operating and capital budget as well as the long range financial plan. As part of the budget process, a long range financial forecast and cash flow model is presented to the Board. This document forecasts the operating component, debt service costs and Capital Improvement Plan requirements and serves as the foundation for the development of the annual operating and capital budget. The cash flow model helps provide a long-term look at the impact of annual budgetary decisions. As part of the annual budget process, the Board also adopts a Budget Contingency Plan which allows DCTA to be positioned to respond quickly to economic or market fluctuations or downturns.

The Finance Committee, comprised of members of the Board, reviews the budget and makes recommendations to the Board. The Board conducts a public hearing to receive citizen input and provides final review with formal adoption in September of each year. The fiscal year for DCTA is October 1 – September 30. The President is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between lines items and departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of the fund or increase a capital project budget must be approved by the Board. As a matter of practice, budget transfers are reported monthly to the Board at its regularly scheduled meeting.

Budget control has been established at the department level. Financial reports showing budget to actual expenditures by line item are distributed monthly for review by management. Financial reports are presented to the Board monthly for their review and acceptance. Quarterly budget reviews of both the operating budgets and capital project budgets are conducted by Finance staff with the DCTA Executive Team comprised of the President and Vice-Presidents. Individual line items are reviewed and analyzed for budgetary compliance. Revenue budgets are reviewed monthly.

The Board has also adopted a series of financial standards and policies for the operating and debt management of the Agency. In addition, operating procedures have been established in accordance with state and federal requirements to ensure that DCTA is a fiscally sound authority operating an efficient and effective transportation system.

SERVICES PROVIDED

DCTA is the primary public transportation operator in Denton County. It operates a range of services including regional commuter rail (A-train); fixed route bus services (Connect/Connect RSVP) and demand response services (Access) in the cities of Denton, Lewisville, and Highland Village; student shuttle transportation operated under contract with the University of North Texas (UNT) and North Central Texas College (NCTC); paratransit services; and vanpools.

Regional Commuter Rail (A-train)

The A-train is a 21-mile regional rail system connecting Denton and Dallas counties. The 21-mile rail corridor follows the east side of I-35 E and connects Denton to Carrollton. DCTA has five A-train stations: two in Denton and three in the greater Highland Village-Lewisville area, with a transfer station at the Trinity Mills Station in Carrollton. The Trinity Mills transfer station connects riders with the DART Green Line and bus service. DCTA's five rail stations are served by fixed route bus service.

DCTA operates 11 low-floor diesel-electric articulated GTW passenger rail vehicles designed to comfortably accommodate wheelchairs and bikes with room for 104 seated and 96 standing passengers in each vehicle. In FY15 rail ridership totaled just over 555,000.

Connect and Connect RSVP

Connect offers local fixed-route bus service in the cities of Denton and Lewisville, with nine bus routes in Denton and three in Lewisville. In fiscal year 2015, the combined Denton and Lewisville routes totaled just over 600,000 boardings. Denton routes run on average headways of about 40 minutes during peak hours and midday, while Lewisville services operate approximately every 35 minutes during the peak and 70 minutes midday. Key trip generators in Denton include UNT and Texas Women's University (TWU).

Connect RSVP provides peak-hour service on demand in Highland Village and north Lewisville. Ridership on Connect RSVP totaled 2,158, down from 2,872 in 2014, due in part to major construction along the I-35 E corridor.

University Shuttle Service

UNT services are operated by DCTA in Denton, which include an eight-route weekday shuttle service and one weekend-only route for UNT through a contractual agreement. The UNT Shuttle service provides transportation from nearby apartment complexes to the campus as well as circulation throughout the campus. The UNT service has the highest ridership of any bus operation in the DCTA system. Total passengers for FY15 were just under 1.8 million compared to 1.6 million in FY14.

NCTC services provided by DCTA operate between Denton and Corinth as well as Lewisville and Flower Mound. Ridership for the NCTC service experienced an increase in FY15. Ridership increased from approximately 14,000 in FY14 to 17,489 in FY15.

Demand Response Service

Access, DCTA's demand response service, offers curb-to-curb ADA paratransit service in Denton and Lewisville. It also provides service for senior and disabled (non-ADA) residents of Denton, Lewisville, and Highland Village. Any person who wishes to use Access must complete an application, and non-seniors or non-Medicare-eligible individuals must submit a physician's affidavit of eligibility. DCTA carried 30,000 Access passengers in FY15.

Vanpools

The Vanpool service provides a low cost commuting alternative for residents to get to work. Vanpools are ideal for groups of six (6) to fifteen (15) people. Individuals who live or work in Denton County can start a vanpool through their employer or create one with others who have similar commute origins and destinations. In FY15 there were 31 vanpools in operation compared to 25 in FY14.

DCTA PROGRESS

The focus in 2015 continued to be on safety, improved service delivery, improving the customer experience, and maintaining the agency's investments in equipment and infrastructure. Capital projects including completion of a portion of the A-train Hike and Bike Trail along with Community Enhancements along the A-train Rail Trail in Denton. Capital maintenance for wheel work on the rail vehicles was funded in 2015 as well as improvements to convert station landscaping vegetation to native plants with lower watering requirements.

In late 2015, a major milestone was achieved with the transfer of the Downtown Denton Transit Center. The city of Denton conveyed ownership of the facility to DCTA. The next major milestone for the agency is the implementation of federally mandated Positive Train Control (PTC) by late 2017. DCTA awarded a contract for the implementation of this project, and it is on track for completion. DCTA continues to communicate with the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) on the progress towards meeting the 2018 legislative deadline for final implementation.

In FY15 DCTA carried 3 million passengers system-wide. This included just over 555,000 rail passengers and 2.5 million on the bus system. This was an increase of approximately 7.0% in system-wide ridership from FY14.

In 2015, the fourth full year of operation, the A-train carried just over 555,000 passengers, a 2.3% decrease from FY14. Ridership was impacted by significant flooding events during mid-2015. The major floods resulted in Denton County being declared a federal disaster area. Southern portions of the rail line had to be closed, and bus bridges were implemented to transport passengers from the Denton stations to the Trinity Mills Station in Carrollton.

The bus system as a whole has experienced ridership growth since DCTA assumed existing bus service in 2005. The number of total annual UNT passengers has increased from 1.3 million in 2005 to 1.8 million in 2015. DCTA continues to work with UNT to evaluate options and route schedules to help address ridership.

DCTA has implemented a number of initiatives to improve the passenger experience. These initiatives included additional funding to expand hours of Connect bus service for routes in Denton and Lewisville. Two (2) additional full-time equivalents were added to provide procurement assistance and administrative support.

Improvements to passenger information systems included completion of a real-time passenger information system – "Where's My Ride". This system, which went live in December of 2014, provides predictive arrival information by stop for both bus and train via a mobile phone app, SMS text alerts, telephone Interactive Phone Response, or through the DCTA website. It also transmits data from GPS devices on the vehicles to provide CAD/AVL capabilities to dispatch and the customer call center. GoPass, a regional project with DART, the Fort Worth "T" and DCTA, was implemented in August 2013 and continues to grow in popularity as an alternative method for purchasing fares. This regional mobile ticketing application allows customers to utilize the application from a smart phone to purchase tickets and download to their phones. In FY15 9 percent of all tickets sold were sold via GoPass, up from 6 percent in FY14.

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OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

Chapter 460, Section 460.402 of the Texas Transportation Code requires an annual audit of the books of account, financial records and transactions of the DCTA by independent certified accountants selected by the Board of Directors. This requirement has been complied with and the independent auditor's report has been included.

DCTA is also required to undergo an audit of federally and state funded programs administered by DCTA. The standards governing the Single Audit engagement require the independent auditor to report on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each major federal and state program. The reports related specifically to the Single Audit are issued under separate cover.

In addition, the DCTA has a Finance Committee as a sub-committee of the Board of Directors which functions as an audit committee which hears and reviews recommendations made by the independent auditors. The Finance Committee also guides the annual budget process to develop final recommendations to the Board of Directors.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the DCTA for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. This was the fifth consecutive year for the DCTA to receive the Certificate of Achievement.

To be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

<u>Acknowledgements</u>

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire DCTA Finance Department staff. We also express our appreciation to all the DCTA staff members who assisted and contributed to the successful completion of this report.

We would like to thank the members of the DCTA Board of Directors and the Finance Committee for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Denton County Transportation Authority in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

James C. Cline, Jr.

President

Anna M. Mosqueda

Sr. V-P Finance/ Chief Financial Officer

Marisa Perry, CPA

Controller



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the Denton County Transportation Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of net position of Denton County Transportation Authority (the Authority) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, the related statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and the cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Denton County Transportation Authority

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Authority as of September 30, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, in 2014, the Authority adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (on pages 4-11) and Texas County District Retirement System pension schedules (on pages 34-35) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries. The basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the schedule of revenue and expenses – budget and actual, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues and expenses - budget and actual is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

Denton County Transportation Authority

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Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February XX, 2016, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas February XX, 2016

The management of the Denton County Transportation Authority (DCTA) offers readers of the DCTA's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. This discussion and analysis is designed to provide an objective and easily readable analysis of DCTA's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions.

We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with accompanying financial statements, notes thereto and additional information that is furnished in our letter of transmittal and the statistical section of this report. In addition, readers are encouraged to review information on the annual budget and other agency information found on the DCTA website at www.dcta.net. It should be noted that the Independent Auditor's Report describes the auditor's association with the various sections of the report and that all of the additional information from the website and other DCTA sources is unaudited and has not been updated for events that may have occurred subsequent to the issuance of the respective report.

In Brief

- As of September 30, 2015 and 2014, total assets and deferred outflows of resources of DCTA exceeded total liabilities by \$321,918,784 and \$322,189,945 respectively. The amount of unrestricted net position as of September 30, 2015 was \$20,897,688 compared to \$17,968,475 in 2014. Unrestricted net position is the amount which may be used to meet DCTA's ongoing obligations in accordance with the fiscal policies.
- Net position decreased \$320,182 during the current fiscal year compared to a decrease
 of \$252,139 in the prior year. The change compared to the prior year is attributable to a
 decrease in capital improvement grants as well as increased expenses for the rail
 operations contract. Reimbursements for construction of the bus operations and
 maintenance facility were \$2.5 million less in FY15 compared to FY14.
- Net capital assets were \$334.2 million as of September 30, 2015 compared to \$339.7 million as of September 30, 2014. The decrease of \$5.5 million is caused by \$9.3 million of depreciation expense offset by \$3.9 million of asset additions.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to DCTA's accompanying financial statements and notes. The basic financial statements consist of four components:

- 1) statements of net position, 2) statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position,
- 3) statements of cash flows, and 4) notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves as well as a statistical section (unaudited) to provide the reader additional information relative to DCTA.

DCTA activities are accounted for in a single entity enterprise fund; therefore, government-wide financial statements are not presented. Enterprise funds are generally used to report business-type activities of governmental entities. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting meaning that all expenses are recorded when incurred and all revenues are recognized when earned in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Certain statements in the report are, or will be, forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in the statements.

Statement of Net Position – The statement of net position reports all of the financial and capital resources of DCTA. The statement is presented in the format where total assets plus deferred outflows or resources equal total liabilities plus net position. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity and are classified as current (convertible into cash within one year) and noncurrent. The focus of the statement of net position is to show a picture of the liquidity and health of the organization as of the end of the reporting period. Changes in net position may serve as an indication of whether the financial position of DCTA is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is similar to an income statement. This statement includes operating revenues, such as bus passenger fares and contracts to provide transit related service to third parties; operating expenses, such as costs of operating the transit system, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets; and non-operating revenue and expenses, such as sales tax revenue, grant revenue, and interest income. The focus of the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is to present the change in net position during the two most recent fiscal years. The increase or decrease in net position will show the effect of DCTA's current year operations on its financial position.

Statement of Cash Flows – The statement of cash flows discloses net cash provided by or used for operating activities, non-capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, and from investing activities. The statement of cash flows, related notes, and other financial statements can be used to assess DCTA's ability to provide adequate cash flow to support current operations and plans for future expansion.

The activities of DCTA are supported by a one-half percent sales and use tax collected in its three member cities: Denton, Highland Village and Lewisville; passenger fares, contract services, and state/federal grants.

Notes to Financial Statements – The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements that describe the significant accounting policies and provide additional information that is essential to understanding the data provided in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position – As noted earlier, net position and especially net position by category, may serve over time as a useful indicator of DCTA's financial position. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities by \$321,918,784 and \$322,189,945 as of September 30, 2015, and 2014 respectively. The largest portion, 94% in 2015, is net investment in capital assets primarily as a result of the rail line construction and acquisition of rail vehicles. The remaining 6% is in unrestricted net position which represents assets with no external restriction as to the use or purpose. The unrestricted net position can be employed for any lawful purpose designated by the governing board. In 2014, 6% of the excess was in unrestricted net position.

Net position of DCTA decreased 0.1% or \$320,182 during the current fiscal year compared to a decrease of 0.08% or \$252,139 in the prior year. The decrease in net position in the current fiscal year is related to a \$5.5 million decrease in capital assets, offset by a \$1.8 million increase in cash, \$0.7 million increase in accounts receivable, \$0.6 million decrease in accounts payable and a \$1.5 million decrease in bonds payable.

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	2015	2014
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 27,569,833	\$ 25,071,385
Capital assets	334,186,030	339,712,926
Total Assets	361,755,863	364,784,311
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to TCDRS pension	166,628	-
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	8,193,959	9,229,366
Non-current liabilities	31,809,748	33,365,000
Total Liabilities	40,003,707	42,594,366
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	301,021,096	304,221,470
Unrestricted	20,897,688	17,968,475
	•	•
Total Net Position	\$ 321,918,784	\$ 322,189,945

Assets – During fiscal year 2015, DCTA's total assets decreased 1% or \$3,028,448 from fiscal year 2014. The net decrease is attributable to the \$5.5 million decrease in capital assets, offset by a \$2.5 million increase in cash and receivables.

Capital Assets, net of depreciation, decreased \$5.5 million due to \$9.3 million of depreciation and amortization, offset by \$3.9 million additions to construction work in progress for the Lewisville Hike & Bike Trail as well as improvements to the rail system and rail vehicles. The capital assets activity for the year is captured in Note 6 (page 25).

Liabilities – Current liabilities decreased \$1,035,407 primarily due to payments made for rail purchased transportation and the construction of the bus operations and maintenance facility that were outstanding at the prior year-end.

DCTA's current ratio, current assets of \$27,569,833 and current liabilities of \$8,193,959, was 3.4:1 as of September 30, 2015 compared to 2.7:1 as of September 30, 2014.

There was a \$1,555,252 decrease in non-current liabilities in 2015 due primarily to bonds payable and the remaining principal amount payable for the rail operating easement agreement with DART. The bond payable activity for the year and rail operating easement obligation are captured in Note 8 and Note 9 (pages 30 and 31).

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – During the 2015 fiscal year DCTA's activities resulted in a decrease in net position of \$320,182 compared to a decrease of \$252,139 in 2014. The decrease in the current fiscal year net position is attributable to a \$1.6 million decrease in grants for capital improvements and a \$1.9 million increase in operating expenses, which offset increases in sales tax revenue and operating grants. During the 2015 fiscal year the Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". The pronouncements required the Authority to recognize, for the first time, the Authority's net pension liability of \$124,748 as determined by the Texas County and District retirement System (TCDRS). The cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle of \$49,021 is reflected in the 2015 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The changes in net position for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are shown in the following table.

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

		2015		2014
OPERATING REVENUES Passenger revenue Contract services Other	\$	1,478,840 2,935,371 199,176	\$	1,454,750 3,061,389 58,694
Total operating revenues		4,613,387		4,574,833
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries, wages and fringe benefits Services Materials and supplies Purchased transportation services Utilities Casualty and liability insurance Facility and equipment rents Other - miscellaneous Depreciation		8,346,152 2,722,176 2,528,741 10,080,919 472,391 780,112 124,645 186,598 9,337,505		7,658,566 1,937,441 2,891,739 9,632,780 416,818 775,986 352,479 123,609 8,875,337
Total operating expenses		34,579,239		32,664,755
Operating loss	(29,965,852)		(28,089,922)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Sales tax revenue Transit system operating assistance grants Investment income Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		23,261,748 4,985,908 24,772 (1,211,899) (51,815)		21,367,086 3,410,607 21,100 (1,247,357) 22,825
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		27,008,714		23,574,261
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS		(2,957,138)		(4,515,661)
GRANTS FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS		2,636,956		4,263,522
Change in net position		(320,182)		(252,139)
NET POSITION, beginning of year	3	22,189,945	3	322,442,084
Cummulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle		49,021		-
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 3	21,918,784	\$ 3	322,189,945

Operating Revenues

Passenger Revenue - The 2015 passenger revenues increased 2% or \$24,090 over the prior year. The increase is related to a 9% increase in bus ridership. Bus ridership in fiscal year 2015 was 2,439,691 compared to prior year ridership of 2,230,117.

Contract Service - The 2015 contract service revenues decreased 4% or \$126,018 over the prior year. The contracts provide bus service for students and faculty of University of North Texas (UNT) and North Central Texas College (NCTC). Fuel prices are a pass-through on the contract; a 33% decrease in fuel prices from 2014 was the primary cause of the reduction in contract service revenue. This decrease was partially offset by a 10% increase in gallons used. Fuel prices for this service in FY15 averaged \$2.24/gallon compared to \$3.32/gallon in FY14.

Operating Expenses

Operating Expense - The 2015 operating expenses increased 6% or \$1,914,484 over the prior year. Salaries and benefits increased \$687,586 primarily related to merit pay and a 10% increase in bus personnel hours. In addition, there was a \$448,139 increase in purchased transportation for rail service.

The 2015 depreciation expense increased 5% or \$462,168 over the prior year. This increase is mainly due to the depreciation of new bus support service vehicles put into service in FY 2015.

Non-operating Revenue and Expenses

Sales Tax Revenue - The 2015 sales tax revenue increased 9% or \$1,894,662 over 2014. DCTA collects one-half percent sales and use tax in the member cities of Denton, Highland Village, and Lewisville. 2015 represents the sixth consecutive year of growth in sales tax revenue for DCTA.

Capital Grants - Capital grants revenue decreased 38% or \$1,626,566 primarily as a result of decreased reimbursable expenses related to the construction of the bus operations and maintenance facility, as the project was substantially completed in FY2014.

Transit System Operating Assistance Grants - The 2015 federal and state grant revenue increased 46% or \$1,575,301 over 2014. The increase is attributable to additional funding for bus Access/ADA service that became available in FY 2015.

Investment Income - The 2015 investment income increased 17% or \$3,672 from 2014 due to an increase in cash available for investments as DCTA continues to build up reserve funds in accordance with the Board's reserve policy.

Debt Administration

In June of 2008, DCTA completed its first debt issuance. DCTA issued \$20,000,000 in tax-exempt Sales Tax Revenue Bonds. The bonds were issued through a private placement with a maximum 5 year term to fund the DCTA A-train regional passenger rail project. This rail project provides passenger rail service connecting Denton and Dallas counties. The principal payment was due in one lump sum in June 2013 with interest due semi-annually. The Series 2008 Sales Tax Revenue bonds were refunded through a private placement to long-term debt on December 17, 2009. These bonds will be repaid over 20 years at an interest rate of 3.99%. The first principal payment of \$885,000 was paid in September 2013 and annual installments continue through September 2029.

In September of 2011, DCTA issued \$14,390,000 in Contractual Obligations for a portion of its share of the cost for new rail vehicles and for the first phase of a new Federal requirement – Positive Train Control – a system which is currently mandated to be implemented by 2015. These Obligations were issued through a private placement to be repaid over 20 years at an interest rate of 3.13% with the first principal payment due in 2015.

DCTA Fiscal Year 2015 Budget

The 2014-2015 budget was adopted September 25, 2014. Amendments to the original budget included a net decrease in capital projects to reflect the revised project schedule for positive train control (PTC), an increase in sales tax revenue, and reductions in federal grant revenue and debt issuance based on the revised PTC project schedule.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, Budget Year Ending September 30, 2016 and Financial Year Ending 2015 and 2014

					Percent
				Increase	Increase
	2016 Budget	2015 Actual	2014 Actual	(Decrease) from 2015	(Decrease) from 2015
	2010 Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	110111 2013	110111 2013
Operating revenues	\$ 4,806,596	\$ 4,613,387	\$ 4,574,833	\$ 193,209	4%
Operating expenses	39,026,253	34,579,239	32,664,755	4,447,014	13%
Operating loss	(34,219,657)	(29,965,852)	(28,089,922)	(4,253,805)	14%
Non-operating revenues	26,575,924	27,008,714	23,574,261	(432,790)	-2%
Income before capital grants	(7,643,733)	(2,957,138)	(4,515,661)	(4,686,595)	158%
Grants for capital improvements	6,109,915	2,636,956	4,263,522	3,472,959	132%
Change in net position	(1,533,818)	(320,182)	(252,139)	(1,213,636)	379%
Net position, beginning of year Cummulative Effect of Change	321,918,784	322,189,945	322,442,084	(271,161)	0%
in Accounting Principle		49,021		(49,021)	-100%
Net position, end of year	\$ 320,384,966	\$ 321,918,784	\$ 322,189,945	\$ (1,484,797)	0%

DCTA Fiscal Year 2016 Budget

Operating revenues in 2016 show an increase of 4% or \$193,209 over 2015 actual results. Operating revenue includes passenger fare revenue and contract service revenue. Passenger farebox revenue is expected to increase due to increased ridership trends for rail and the Connect bus service for Denton. Contract service revenue is also expected to increase due to increased fuel costs and an increase in the rate per service hour for the NCTC contract.

The fiscal year 2016 operating expenses are projected to increase \$4,447,014 over 2015 actual results. Major changes include an increase of \$1.0 million as a result of merit plan adjustments and increased health care benefits and a \$1.5 million increase in purchased transportation for rail service. The fiscal year 2016 budget also anticipates a \$1.1 million increase in fuel costs.

Denton County Transportation Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

Bus fuel is budgeted at \$3.50 per gallon in fiscal year 2016, compared to an average \$2.19 per gallon paid in fiscal year 2015. Rail fuel is budgeted at \$3.25 per gallon in fiscal year 2016, compared to an average \$1.97 per gallon paid in fiscal year 2015.

Non-operating revenue, net of expenses, is projected to decrease 2% or \$432,790 from 2015 actual results. The decrease in non-operating revenue is primarily attributable to one-time operating assistance funding that became available in FY15 and will not be realized again in FY16.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide the citizens of our member cities, customers and other interested parties with a general overview of DCTA finances. If you have any questions regarding this report or need any additional information, contact DCTA at 1955 Lakeway Drive, Suite 260, Lewisville, Texas 75057, by phone at (972) 221-4600, or by electronic mail at info@dcta.net.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DENTON COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ASSETS

Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,127,538
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		3,650,196
Receivables		6,387,417
Prepaid expenses		398,745
Inventories		5,937
Total current assets		27,569,833
Noncurrent assets:		
Land and construction in progress		26,094,561
Other capital assets, net of accumulated		
depreciation/amortization		308,091,469
Total noncurrent assets		334,186,030
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	361,755,863
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to TCDRS pension	\$	166,628
Total deferred outflows of resources		166,628
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:	\$	2.076.141
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	Ф	2,976,141 1,888,711
Construction contracts payable Retainage payable		1,560,124
Unearned revenue		88,983
Easement obligation- current portion		100,000
Bonds payable-current portion		1,580,000
Total current liabilities		8,193,959
		0,100,000
Noncurrent liabilities: Easement obligation		1 300 000
Net pension liability		1,300,000
Bonds payable		124,748 30,385,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		31,809,748
Total liabilities		40,003,707
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		301,021,096
Unrestricted		20,897,688
Total net position	\$	321,918,784

DENTON COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES		
Passenger revenue	\$	1,478,840
Contract services		2,935,371
Other		199,176
Total operating revenues		4,613,387
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries, wages and fringe benefits		8,346,152
Services		2,722,176
Materials and supplies		2,528,741
Purchased transportation services		10,080,919
Utilities		472,391
Insurance		780,112
Facility and equipment rents		124,645
Other - miscellaneous		186,598
		25,241,734
Depreciation and amortization		9,337,505
Total operating expenses		34,579,239
NET OPERATING LOSS		(29,965,852)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Sales tax revenue		23,261,748
Transit system operating assistance grants		4,985,908
Investment income		24,772
Interest expense		(1,211,899)
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets		(51,815)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		27,008,714
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS		(2,957,138)
GRANTS FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS		2,636,956
Change in net position		(320,182)
NET POSITION, beginning of year, as restated	:	322,238,966
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 3	321,918,784

DENTON COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 4,689,182 (17,576,224) (8,296,550)
Net cash used by operating activities	 (21,183,592)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Sales tax received Operating grant reimbursements	 22,916,596 5,412,865
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	28,329,461
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Contributions and grants for capital improvements	1,717,261
Principal paid on bonds Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,510,000) (4,399,777)
Proceeds from sale of capital improvements	28,185
Interest paid on bonds	 (1,211,899)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	 (5,376,230)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received on investments	24,772
Net cash provided by investing activities	24,772
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,794,411
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	 18,983,323
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 20,777,734

DENTON COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (CONTINUED)

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating loss	\$	(29,965,852)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	•	(-,,
net cash used by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization expense		9,337,505
Change in operating assets and liabilities		, ,
Operating accounts receivable		66,625
Prepaid expenses		(59,873)
Fuel inventory		10,918
Deferred outflows of resources related to TCDRS pension		(112,646)
Operating accounts payable		(631,687)
Accrued payroll and payroll related taxes		42,461
Unearned revenue		9,170
Net pension liability		119,787
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(21,183,592)
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING		
Gain (loss) on sale of non-capital assets	\$	(51,815)
Grants for capital improvements		116,183
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,127,538
Restricted cash		3,650,196
	Ф	00 777 704
	\$	20,777,734

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Denton County Transportation Authority (the Authority), as reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for local governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and include applicable standards of the Financial Accounting Standards Board.

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the Authority include all governmental activities, organizations, and functions as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Authority does not have any component units and does not meet the requirements to be included as a component unit in other governmental entities. Accordingly, the Authority does not have any related parties or related party transactions in the accompanying financial statements.

The Authority is a coordinated county transportation authority of the State of Texas, created pursuant to Chapter 460 of the Texas Transportation Code. This legislation requires that a Service Plan, an outline of the services that could be provided by an authority confirmed by the voters, be developed by the transit authority. A Service Plan was developed and the Authority was confirmed by a public referendum held November 5, 2002. A second election was held in eight municipalities on September 13, 2003 for consideration and approval of a one-half percent sales and use tax. The sales and use tax and associated Service Plan passed in three cities: Denton, Highland Village, and Lewisville. Collection of the sales tax began on January 1, 2004.

The Board of Directors, which governs the Authority, currently consists of 14 authorized positions. The Board is composed of:

- 1. One member appointed by the governing body of each municipality with a population of 17,000 or more located in Denton County;
- 2. Three members appointed by the Commissioner's Court, two of whom must reside in the unincorporated area of Denton County;
- 3. Three members to be designated by the remaining municipalities with a population of more than 500 but less than 17,000 located in Denton County.

Basis of Accounting

The activities of the Authority are similar to those of proprietary funds of local jurisdictions and are therefore reported as an enterprise fund. The activities are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Basis of Accounting – Continued

Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The Authority's principal operating revenues are derived from charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

All dollar amounts, unless otherwise noted, are in whole dollars. References to year 2015 are for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available and permissible for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first. The unrestricted resources are used as they are needed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased. Cash and cash equivalents are valued at cost which is substantially equal to the fair value.

Receivables

Receivables consist primarily of amounts due to the Authority from sales tax collections, federal grants, and customer billings. Management does not believe any credit risk exists related to these receivables. Management evaluates the receivables to determine if an allowance for doubtful accounts should be established and considers the collection history, the aging of the accounts, and other specific information known to management that may affect collectability. Based upon this assessment, management has determined that an allowance is not necessary.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses consist primarily of insurance payments, which are amortized over the policy period, and prepaid rents.

Inventory

In fiscal year 2014, the Authority began purchasing and maintaining its own fuel inventory, which is valued by volume on a monthly basis using a first-in, first-out inventory costing method.

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of unspent proceeds from capital grants and bonds and are held as cash and cash equivalents.

Investments

The investment policies of the Authority are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The Authority's funds are managed and invested based on safety, liquidity, diversification, and yield. Investments are stated at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Capital Assets

All capital assets are stated at historical cost. Capital assets are defined as assets which:

- 1. Have a useful life of more than one year and a unit cost greater than \$5,000;
- 2. Have a unit cost of \$5,000 or less, but are part of a network or combined unit of property; or
- 3. Were purchased with grant money.

Maintenance and repair expenditures which substantially improve or extend the useful life of property are capitalized. The cost of routine maintenance and repairs is expensed as incurred. Interest incurred as a result of construction in progress and contracts with durations over one year is capitalized.

The provision for depreciation of transportation property and equipment is calculated under the straight-line method using the respective estimated useful lives of major asset classifications, as follows:

Rail system	20-50 years
Land improvements	25 years
Transportation vehicles:	
Bus	5-12 years
Paratransit	4-5 years
Rail	50 years
Transportation equipment	3-7 years
Office equipment	3 years

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Capital Assets – Continued

Except for sales of assets in which the unit fair value is less than \$5,000, proceeds from the sale of property, facilities, and equipment purchased with funds provided by federal grants for capital expenditures are remitted to the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) on the same percentage basis that such funds were provided by grant contracts with the FTA.

The transit system operated by the Authority includes certain facilities owned by others. The Authority has contractual rights to operate these facilities under the terms of the authorizing legislation and other agreements.

Intangible assets are stated at historical cost net of accumulated amortization. The intangible asset consists of a rail operating easement for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, and operating a modern rail passenger system.

Current Liabilities

The Authority has not formally restricted cash funds to pay current operating liabilities, but has adequate cash and investments to satisfy these obligations. Construction contracts payable will be satisfied with unrestricted cash.

Compensated Absences

Employees receive compensation for vacations, holidays, illness, personal days, and certain other qualifying absences. The number of days compensated for the various categories of absence is based on length of service. Sick days and vacation days that have been earned, but not paid, have been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. Compensation for holidays and other qualifying absences are not accrued in the accompanying financial statements as rights to such compensation do not accumulate or vest.

Unearned Revenue

The University of North Texas (UNT) and North Central Texas College (NCTC) have contracted with the Authority to provide transportation for faculty, staff, and students in Denton, Texas through the Connect service. The universities have paid for this service in advance and, in addition, the Authority sells semester and annual passes. The Authority recognizes the revenue through straight-line amortization over the respective period. At September 30, 2015, the Authority has received \$88,983 in advance payments.

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Net Position

Equity is displayed in two components as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.

Unrestricted – This consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Operating Revenues

Passenger revenue consists of farebox collections, the sale of passes, and amortization of unearned revenue. Farebox revenue is recorded at the time service is performed. Revenue from the sale of passes is recorded at the time of the sale. Unearned revenue from advance payments on contracts is amortized straight-line over the respective period.

Contract service revenue is related to providing transit services to third parties on a contractual basis. Contract revenue is recorded in the period earned. The Authority provides contract services for UNT and NCTC.

Classification of Revenues and Expenses

The Authority classifies its revenues as either operating or non-operating. Operating revenues include activities from the sale of transit services. Non-operating revenue is revenue not associated with the operations of the Authority transit service and includes grant income, investment income, and income from sales and use tax collections.

Operating expenses will be incurred for activities related to providing public transportation services. Such activities include transportation, maintenance, depreciation on capital assets, and general and administrative functions. Non-operating expenses include bad debt expense and interest expense.

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, Authority specific information about its Fiduciary Net Position in the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from the Authority's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the Authority's Total Pension Liability is obtained from TCDRS through a report prepared for the Authority by TCDRS consulting actuary, Milliman, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Financial Instruments and Credit Risk

In accordance with the Texas Public Funds Investment Act and the Authority's investment policy, the Authority invests in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities. These financial instruments subject the Authority to limited credit risk.

Credit risk with respect to trade and other receivables is limited as they are primarily due from the State of Texas for sales tax collections and other city and state governmental units in the State of Texas.

NOTE 2. BUDGETARY DATA

Section 460 of the Texas Transportation Code requires the Authority to create an annual budget. The Authority maintains control over operating expenditures by the establishment of the annual operating budget. Budgets are prepared on the accrual basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual proposed operating and capital budgets are prepared by management, presented to Denton County residents at public meetings, reviewed by the Finance Committee, and reviewed by the Board of Directors prior to adoption of the final budget in September. The operating and capital budgets follow the same preparation and review cycle.

Operating budget appropriations terminate at the end of the fiscal year. Capital budget amounts are not included in the accompanying financial statements. Capital budget amounts are budgeted over the life of the respective project, not on an annual basis.

During the course of the annual budget cycle, it may be necessary to modify the budget by a process of amendment or transfer. For example, modifications may be required because of changes in the purpose, description, terms and conditions, or changes in the cost of an approved service or item. All budget amendments require approval by the Board of Directors. Budget transfers within a department may be authorized by the Authority President and reported to the Board. The Board of Directors monitors, reviews, and accepts the monthly and year to date financial statements with budget comparisons and explanations of material variances.

NOTE 3. SERVICE AGREEMENTS

On October 1, 2006, the Authority entered into a management contract with First Transit, Inc. as an independent contractor to manage the operation of the Authority's public transit system in the Denton County urban area. Under the direction of the Authority's staff and guidance of its policy, First Transit, Inc. provides a qualified and experienced General Manager and home office support personnel to perform all services and functions necessary to ensure effective and efficient management and administration of the transit system including new and expanded services.

DCTA entered into a joint rail operations contract with DART and the "T" of Fort Worth. The contract provides passenger rail service coordination and allows DCTA to participate in services provided by HTSI under the TRE/DART operating contract. The contract supports the train operations and is accounted for under Purchased Transportation. The contract provides for maintenance services for stations, corridor, track signal and communication systems, engineers and conductors to operate the DCTA service, dispatching, management support, ticket vending machine service, and DART funded insurance for Commercial General Liability for rail operating liability that provides DCTA with a minimum of \$125 million worth of primary and non-contributory commercial liability that is a combination of insurance and self-insurance.

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are deposited in various accounts as allowed by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act and the Authority's investment policy. The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority deposits may not be recovered. Balances for these accounts are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, and the deposits in excess of the insured amount are collateralized by pledged book entry securities held in a securities account at a Federal Reserve Bank in the Authority's name by a third party or were invested in U.S. Government Securities as allowed by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

The Board adopted a policy to designate three months' operating expenses as a reserve to address unanticipated emergencies which may be allocated by the approval of the Board. At September 30, 2015, the reserve is \$6,713,371.

At year-end, cash, cash equivalents and investments consist of the following:

	S	September 30, 2015	
Cash and cash equivalents			
Demand deposits	\$	44,815	
Sweep repurchase agreements		237,133	
Money market account		12,894,564	
TexSTAR		7,601,222	
	\$	20,777,734	
Reconciliation			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,127,538	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		3,650,196	
	\$	20,777,734	

Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority's investment policy limits investment maturities to two years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. In addition, the policy limits weighted average maturity of the overall portfolio to twelve months.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Authority does not contain in its investment policy a formal policy regarding credit risk.

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Investments - Continued

As authorized by the Authority's investment policy and in accordance with the Texas Public Funds Investment Act, cash equivalents and investments were invested in U.S. Government Agency Securities, U.S. Treasury Notes and TexSTAR. TexSTAR is administered by First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. and JP Morgan Fleming Asset Management. TexSTAR is a local government investment pool created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act specifically tailored to meet Texas state and local government investment objectives of preservation of principal, daily liquidity, and competitive yield. The fund is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and maintains a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less, with a maximum maturity of 13 months for any individual security. The fund seeks to maintain a constant dollar objective and fulfills all of the requirements of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act for local government investment pools.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

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Receivables at September 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

Operating	
Ticket, token and other receivables	\$ 644,712
Sales tax	4,242,123
Grants receivable	1,500,582
Total	\$ 6,387,417

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 are:

	Balance September 30, 2014	nber 30, Transfers/		Balance September 30, 2015
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 16,228,337 10,900,642	\$ - 3,890,610	\$ - (4,925,028)	\$ 16,228,337 9,866,224
Total capital assets not being depreciated	27,128,979	3,890,610	(4,925,028)	26,094,561
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized Rail system Land improvements Vehicles and operating equipment Leasehold improvements Office furniture and equipment Facilities Easement	276,138,293 5,386,734 8,940,025 55,506 1,958,428 32,843,448 16,997,155	- - - - - -	2,162,097 1,072,087 (569,346) - 1,252,606 - -	278,300,390 6,458,821 8,370,679 55,506 3,211,034 32,843,448 16,997,155
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	342,319,589	-	3,917,444	346,237,033
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for Rail system Land improvements Vehicles and operating equipment Leasehold improvements Office furniture and equipment Facilities Easement	18,028,395 944,428 4,941,135 55,506 713,240 1,370,221 3,682,717	6,353,349 144,553 920,974 - 317,496 751,275 849,858	(897,143) - (30,440) - -	24,381,744 1,088,981 4,964,966 55,506 1,000,296 2,121,496 4,532,575
Total accumulated depreciation	29,735,642	9,337,505	(927,583)	38,145,564
Total capital assets, being deprecated, net Total capital assets, net	312,583,947 \$ 339,712,926	(9,337,505) \$ (5,446,895)	4,845,027 \$ (80,001)	308,091,469 \$ 334,186,030

Primary capital asset expenditures in 2015 relate to the Lewisville Hike and Bike Trail and improvements to the rail line and rail vehicles. See related commitment disclosure in Note 10.

In June 2010, the Authority acquired a rail operating easement for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, and operating a modern passenger rail system for payments totaling \$16,950,000. As of September 30, 2015, \$15,550,000 had been paid to the Dallas Area Rapid Transit (DART). The remaining payments of \$1,400,000 will be paid in annual payments until the contract expires (See Note 9). The Authority's right under the contract will expire in June 2030, which is 20 years after the execution of the contract. Amortization of this asset is being recognized over the 20 year useful life on a straight-line basis and was \$847,500 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

NOTE 7. PENSION, RETIREMENT, AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The Authority has a qualified deferred compensation defined contribution plan under the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 for full-time employees. AIG Valic is the administrator of the plan. Employees can make voluntary contributions in the plan through pretax payroll deductions up to the limits allowed by the Internal Revenue Code Section 457.

NOTE 7. PENSION, RETIREMENT, AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS – CONTINUED

As of January 2012, the Authority became a member of Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and no longer contributes to the qualified deferred compensation defined contribution plan.

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Authority provides retirement, disability and death benefits for all of its fulltime employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the TCDRS. The Board of Directors is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multi-employer public employee defined benefit pension retirement system consisting of 677 public employee defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the board of trustees at P. O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034 or can be viewed at www.tcdrs.org.

Contributions: The deposit rate for employees is 4%, 5%, 6% or 7% of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. Pursuant to state law, employers participating in the system must pay 100% of their actuarially determined required contributions on an annual basis. Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience. In addition, employers annually review their plans and may adjust benefits and costs based on their local needs and budgets. Although accrued benefits may not be reduced, employers may reduce future benefit accruals and immediately reduce costs. Monthly contributions by the Authority are based on the covered payroll and the employer contribution rate in effect. For fiscal year 2015, the Authority made contributions of 5.92%.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Real rate of return 5.00% Inflation 3.00%

Investment Rate of Return 8.10% per year

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.5% (made up of 3.0% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.4% per year for a career employee.

NOTE 7. PENSION, RETIREMENT, AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS – CONTINUED

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2014 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 - December 31, 2012, except where required to be different by GASB 68. Mortality for depositing members is based on the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for males with a two-year set-forward and the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for females with a four-year setback, both with the projection scale AA; for service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members is based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with the projection scale AA, with a one-year set-forward for males and no age adjustment for females; and for disabled members is based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for males with no age adjustment and RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for females with a two-year set-forward, both with the projection scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information were provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC, and were based on January 2015 information for a 7-10 year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Geometric Real

		Rate of Return
		(Expected minus
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Inflation)
US Equities	16.5%	5.35%
Private Equity	12.0%	8.35%
Global Equities	1.5%	5.65%
International Equities-Developed	11.0%	5.35%
International Equities-Emerging	9.0%	6.35%
Investment-Grade Bonds	3.0%	0.55%
High-Yield Bonds	3.0%	3.75%
Opportunistic Credit	5.0%	5.54%
Direct Lending	2.0%	5.80%
Distressed Debt	3.0%	6.75%
REIT Equities	2.0%	4.00%
Commodities	2.0%	-0.20%
Master Limited Partnerships	2.0%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	3.0%	7.20%
Hedge Funds	25.0%	5.15%
Total	100.0%	

NOTE 7. PENSION, RETIREMENT, AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS – CONTINUED

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.10%. The projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years; the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. The discount rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8.00%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Changes in Net Pension Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		I	t Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2013	\$	389,935	\$	384,974	\$	4,961
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		130,849		-		130,849
Interest on total pension liability		37,882		-		37,882
Effect of plan changes		40,628		-		40,628
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		87,214		-		87,214
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Refund of contributions		(12,905)		(12,905)		-
Benefit payments		-		-		-
Administrative expenses		-		(366)		366
Member contributions		-		78,874		(78,874)
Net investment income		-		25,740		(25,740)
Employer contributions		-		72,565		(72,565)
Other		-		(27)		27
Balance at 12/31/2014	\$	673,603	\$	548,855	\$	124,748

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the Authority, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the Authority's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.10%) than the current rate:

	Disc	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7.10%)		Discount Rate (8.10%)		Increase in count Rate (9.10%)
Total pension liability	\$	779,435	\$	673,603	\$	584,660
Fiduciary net pension	Φ.	548,855	_	548,855	Φ.	548,855
Net pension liability	_\$	230,580	Ъ	124,748	\$	35,805

NOTE 7. PENSION, RETIREMENT, AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS – CONTINUED

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions:

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$7,121.

At September 30, 2015, the Authority reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Οι	Deferred utflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	-	\$	76,312
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		9,035
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		81,281
Total	\$	-	\$	166,628

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$81,281 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the measurement year ending December 31, 2015 (i.e. recognized in the Authority's financial statements September 30, 2016). Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Р	Pension				
Year ended December 31:	Expen	se Amount				
2015	\$	13,161				
2016		13,161				
2017		13,161				
2018		13,161				
2019		10,902				
Thereafter		21,803				
Total	\$	85,349				

NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE

In December 2009, the Authority issued Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds for \$20,890,000. This bond issuance refunds the \$20 million privately held bonds that were issued in 2008 and will allow the Authority to repay the bonds over 20 years versus a five-year repayment under the original issuance. Because of the early repayment, a \$727,000 interest penalty was incurred. The penalty was being amortized over the remaining life of the 2008 issuance and was paid in full as of September 30, 2013. This amount was financed through the refunding bonds. The Authority has pledged the sales tax revenues towards the repayment of the bonds. The first principal payment was made in September 2013 and annual installments continue through September 2029.

In September 2011, the Authority issued Sales Tax Contractual Obligations for \$14,390,000. This issuance funds the acquisition of rail vehicles and the first phase of the new federal mandate for Positive Train Control. The first principal payment was made in September 2015 and annual installments continue through September 2031.

The annual debt service requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending							
September 30,	Principal Interes			Total			
2016	\$ 1,580,000	\$	1,156,423	\$	2,736,423		
2017	1,645,000		1,098,412		2,743,412		
2018	1,720,000		1,038,065		2,758,065		
2019	1,790,000		974,984		2,764,984		
2020 - 2024	10,205,000		3,831,436		14,036,436		
2025 - 2029	12,655,000		1,795,313		14,450,313		
2030 - 2031	 2,370,000		112,211		2,482,211		
Total requirements	\$ 31,965,000	\$	10,006,844	\$	41,971,844		
	 The state of the s		·		·		

The following is a summary of changes in bonds payable of the Authority for the year ended September 30, 2015:

Balance at October 1, 2014	\$ 33,475,000
Additions	-
Reductions	 (1,510,000)
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$ 31,965,000

Interest is due semi-annually in March and September with the first payment paid on March 15, 2010. The bonds bear interest of 3.14%.

NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE - CONTINUED

No interest was capitalized during the year ended September 30, 2015.

The bond agreements require the Authority to establish and maintain a pledged revenue account and a bond fund account at a depository institution and segregate these accounts in the general ledger for the purpose of accumulating principal and interest when it becomes due and payable. At September 30, 2015, the Authority was in compliance with this requirement.

NOTE 9. EASEMENT OBLIGATION

In June 2010, the Authority entered into a rail operating easement agreement with DART. The easement obligation represents the remaining principal amounts payable under the agreement. Remaining requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		
September 30,	Principal	
2016	\$ 100,00	00
2017	100,00	00
2018	100,00	00
2019	100,00	00
2020 - 2024	500,00	00
2025 - 2029	500,00)0
Total requirements	\$ 1,400,00	00

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various types of risk of loss including torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; natural disasters; and environmental occurrences.

The Authority is a participant in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TML) to provide insurance for errors and omission, general liability, workers' compensation, automobile liability, and physical damage coverage. TML was self-sustaining in 2015 based on premiums charged so that total contributions plus earnings on the contributions will be sufficient to satisfy claims and liabilities.

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - CONTINUED

Risk Management – Continued

Premiums are assessed based on the rates set by the Texas State Board of Insurance for each participating political subdivision's experience. The Authority has a \$10,000 deductible for errors and omissions liability with limits of \$3,000,000 per wrongful act and an annual aggregate of \$6,000,000. General liability coverage has no deductible with limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence, \$1,000,000 per occurrence for sudden events involving pollution, and an annual aggregate of \$2,000,000. Worker's compensation coverage has no deductible. Automobile liability has a limit of \$5,000,000 per occurrence. The Authority's vehicles are insured for physical damage for collision and comprehensive coverage after a \$10,000 deductible.

The Authority has a government crime policy with TML insuring against employee theft up to \$1,000,000 per loss. For the year ended September 30, 2015, the Authority has not incurred any losses under these plans.

Litigation

The Authority has one pending lawsuit. In the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, potential losses will not materially affect financial position, operations or cash flows.

State and Federal Grants

The Authority participates in several State and Federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to these grant programs are subject to audit, approval, and adjustment by the grantor agencies, which could result in refunds to the grantor. It is management's opinion that the Authority has complied with substantially all of the requirements under the respective grants, and therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such liabilities.

Commitments

At September 30, 2015, the Authority has the following outstanding commitments:

Right of Way agreement with DART	\$ 1,400,000
Shared services agreement with DART	359,622
Rail purchased transportation services	10,959,649
35 foot transit buses	2,738,977
Consulting services	91,736
Landscaping and maintenance	537,382
Management agreement for bus transit operations	1,607,292
	\$ 17.694.658

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - CONTINUED

Operating Lease Agreements

The Authority has entered into certain operating lease agreements. All operating leases to which the Authority is currently a party will expire in fiscal year 2017. The total lease expense was \$224,645 for 2015. The lease payments by year are as follows:

	2016			2017	Total			
Lease commitments Administration offices	\$	104,977	\$	108,780	\$ 213,757			
Total lease commitments	\$	104,977	\$	108,780	\$ 213,757			

Funding

These current expenditures, current contract commitments, and any future commitments will be funded by the Authority out of available cash and investments, future sales tax collections, federal grants, and debt financing.

NOTE 11. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date", an adjustment has been made to record the Authority's net pension liability as of October 1, 2014. As a result, beginning net position has been increased by \$49,021.

The GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement, which will be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting related to fair value measurements. This Statement applies to all state and governmental entities. The Authority will evaluate the impact of the standard on its Financial Statements and will take the necessary steps to implement it.

The GASB issued Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, which will be effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The objective of this Statement is to identify the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement applies to all state and governmental entities. The Authority will evaluate the impact of the standard on its Financial Statements and will take the necessary steps to implement it.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DENTON COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

	2014
Total Pension Liability	
Service cost Interest (on the total pension liability) Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs	\$ 130,849 37,882 40,628
Effect of assumption changes of inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	87,214 (12,905)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	283,668
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	389,935
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 673,603
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expense Other	\$ 72,565 78,874 25,740 (12,905) (366) (27)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	163,881
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	384,974
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 548,855
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 124,748
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	81.48%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,577,470
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	7.91%

Notes to Schedule:

As of December 31 - Measurement date

Benefit changes. There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions. There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

DENTON COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Year Ended December 31						
	_	2012		2013		2014	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	70,124	\$	73,246	\$	72,565	
determined contribution		70,124		153,247		72,565	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	(80,001)	\$	-	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,328,117	\$	1,387,238	\$	1,577,470	
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		5.28%		11.05%		4.60%	

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost method Entry Age

Amoritization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 15 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group.

The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.5% (made up of 3.0% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates

1.4% per year for a career employee.

Investment rate of return 8.10%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits.

Mortality

Based on the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for depositing members; RP-2000 Combined Mortality

Table for the service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members; and RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for

disabled retirees.

Only three years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DENTON COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget ver/(Under)
OPERATING REVENUES						
Passenger revenue	\$ 1,515,377	\$ 1,515,377	\$	1,478,840	\$	(36,537)
Contract services	3,259,635	3,259,635		2,935,371		(324,264)
Other	6,300	6,300		199,176		192,876
	4,781,312	4,781,312		4,613,387		(167,925)
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries, wages and fringe benefits	9,173,856	9,119,994		8,346,152		773,842
Services	2,189,250	2,188,534		2,722,176		(533,642)
Materials and supplies	4,160,775	3,888,524		2,528,741		1,359,783
Purchased transportation services	9,853,077	9,963,588		10,080,919		(117,331)
Utilities	452,149	452,149		472,391		(20,242)
Insurance	778,013	778,013		780,112		(2,099)
Facility and equipment rents	207,205	207,205		124,645		82,560
Other - miscellaneous	245,476	255,476		186,598		68,878
Depreciation and amortization	 9,503,440	9,503,440		9,337,505		165,935
Total operating expenses	36,563,241	36,356,923	;	34,579,239		1,777,684
Operating loss	(31,781,929)	(31,575,611)	(2	29,965,852)		1,609,759
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Sales tax revenue	21,347,080	22,180,196	:	23,261,748		1,081,552
Transit system operating assistance grants	4,474,680	4,653,518		4,985,908		332,390
Investment income	33,000	33,000		24,772		(8,228)
Interest expense	(2,721,899)	(2,721,899)		(1,211,899)		1,510,000
Bond issuance costs and fees	-	-		-		-
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	-	 -		(51,815)		(51,815)
Total non-operating						
revenue (expenses)	 23,132,861	 24,144,815		27,008,714		2,863,899
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS	(8,649,068)	(7,430,796)		(2,957,138)		4,473,658
GRANTS FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS	14,501,121	5,355,112		2,636,956		(2,718,156)
Change in net position	\$ 5,852,053	\$ (2,075,684)	\$	(320,182)	\$	1,755,502



Board of Directors Memo

February 16, 2016

Subject: 2(c) Discussion and Approval of amendment to Article IV Section 2 of DCTA Bylaws governing officer term limits

Background

The attached documents include the proposed amendment to Article IV Section 2 of DCTA Bylaws governing officer term limits, as well as the current Bylaws. A copy of the proposed amendment was passed out at the last meeting; members were allowed to review, discuss and comment and copies of the proposed amendment was delivered to the absent members.

Recommendation

Staff recommends the Board of Directors approve the proposed amendment and revise the Bylaws.

Approval:

James C. Cline, Jr., President

MEMO

FOR:

Jim Cline, President

FROM:

Peter G. Smith, General Counsel

DATE:

January 27, 2016

Peter & Smith

SUBJECT:

Amendment to the DCTA Bylaws - Article IV Section 2 term limits for Board

Chair

Following is a proposed of amendment of Article IV Section 2 to retroactively change the beginning date for the 4-year term limit for the Board Chair. Currently, Article IV, Section 2 of the DCTA Bylaws provides that beginning January 1, 2012 no member may serve as Chair of the Board for more than four (4) consecutive terms. The term of office for Board officers is one (1) year and runs from January 1 to December 31. The current officers continue to hold office until their successors are elected. The current Chair has served four consecutive terms of office as of December 31, 2015, and is therefore ineligible to be reelected to such position for a term beginning January 1, 2016, unless Article IV, Section 2 is amended. The amendment, if approved by the Board must apply retroactively to December 31, 2015, in order for the 4-year term limit to not apply to the current Chair. The proposed amendment does not change 4-year term limit, but would allow the current Chair to serve an additional year as Board Chair if the amendment is approved and such person is elected to such position. The text of the proposed amendment is as follows:

Section 2. Chair. The Chair shall preside at all regular and special meetings of the Authority. Effective <u>January 1, 2013</u> January 1, 2012, a member of the Board of Directors may not serve more than four (4) consecutive terms as Chair.

The resolution amending the Bylaws would provide that such amendment is effective as of December 31, 2015.

PGS:tlo:TM

DENTON COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY BYLAWS

DENTON COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY BYLAWS

ARTICLE I NAME

Section 1. Name. The name of the authority shall be the Denton County Transportation Authority ("Authority").

Section 2. Authorization. These Bylaws are adopted pursuant to authority granted in Section 460.204(c)(2) of the Texas Transportation Code ("Code"). In the event of any conflict between these Bylaws and the Code or other applicable laws of the State of Texas, such laws shall be controlling. In the event any provision of these Bylaws shall be determined to be invalid, the remainder of these Bylaws shall nevertheless remain in force and effect.

Section 3. Definitions.

- (a) Alternate Member. Alternate Board Member shall mean a person appointed to serve in the absence of the regular appointed member of the Board of Directors representing such city.
- (b) Board Member. Board Member means and includes appointed or elected members of the Board of Directors, as well as alternate board members serving in the absence of appointed board members.
- (c) Capital Asset. Land, a fixture attached to land, or an item of personal property that meets all of the following criteria: (1) the cost of acquisition or the cost of improvement of such property exceeds \$5,000; (2) the expected useful life of the property when acquired is more than 1 year or the extension of the useful life of the property as a result of the improvement is more than 1 year; (3) the property retains its original shape and appearance with use; and (4) the property is nonexpendable (meaning that if the property is damaged or some of its constituent parts are lost or worn out, it is usually more economical to repair the property than to replace it with an entirely new unit).
- (d) Capital Expenditure. Expenditure made to acquire or improve one or more Capital Assets and includes the acquisition and/or improvement of real property.
- (e) Executive Committee. Executive Committee shall mean the committee appointed by the DCTA Chair consisting of the Directors as set forth in Article III, Section 9 (c).
- (f) Financial Participating Member. A Financial Participating Member shall mean a municipality that has imposed the transit sales and use tax authorized by Chapter 460 of the Transportation Code or which has contracted with DCTA for financial participation through tax increment payments as provided by Subchapter I,

Chapter 460 of the Transportation Code, and which is entitled to have a Director on the DCTA Board of Directors.

ARTICLE II OFFICES

Section 1. Principal Office. The principal office of the Authority shall be in Denton County, Texas.

Section 2. Additional Offices. Authority also may have offices at such other places as the Authority from time to time may determine or as the activities of Authority may require.

ARTICLE III BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. General Powers. The responsibility for the management operation and control of the Authority and its properties is vested in the Board of Directors. [Section 460.401].

Section 2. Number and Composition. The Board of Directors is composed of:

- (a) One member appointed by the governing body of each municipality with a population of 17,000 or more that is located in the county.
- (b) Three members appointed by the Commissioner's Court of Denton County, two of whom must reside in the unincorporated area of the county.
- (c) Three members to be designated by the remaining municipalities with a population of more than 500 but less than 17,000 located in the Denton County. These three members will be selected according to provisions of the Code. [Section 460.054(c)].
- (d) One member appointed by the governing body of each municipality in the county with a population of more than 500 but less than 17,000 that:
 - (i) designates a public transportation financing area under Section 460.603;
 - (ii) enters into an agreement with the Authority to provide public transportation services in the public financing area under Subchapter I, Chapter 460; and
 - (iii) did not approve the designation of any member designated under Section 2 (c) above.

- (e) Member appointed by the governing body of a municipality that was entitled to appoint a member under Section 460.054 (b)(1) of the Code before the effective date of an increase in the population threshold. (Section 460.2015) The Board of Directors may increase the population threshold amounts stated in Section 460.054(b)(1) in increments up to 5,000 each year. A municipality that appointed a member to the Board of Directors according to the provisions of Section 460.054(b)(1) of the Code prior to any increase in population threshold is grandfathered and may continue to appoint a member to the Board of Directors.
- (f) Appointing entities may appoint a member to the Board of Directors and may also provide for the appointment of one alternate to serve in the absence of the appointed member. An Alternate Member may attend Board and committee meetings but shall not vote on any matter before the Board or committee or participate in any discussion in matters before the Board or a committee except when serving in place of the regular Board of Directors member [Section 460.054(b)(1)]. Appointing entities shall notify the Authority in writing of the appointment, reappointment, resignation or removal of an Alternate Member.

Section 3. Eligibility.

- (a) To be eligible for appointment to the Board of Directors, a person must: (i) have professional experience in the field of transportation, business, government, engineering or law; and (ii) reside: (A) within the territory of the Authority; or (B) outside the territory of the authority in a municipality that is located partly in the territory of the Authority. [Section 460.202].
- (b) Three consecutive unexcused absences of a Director at a noticed Board of Directors meeting or the death, resignation or inability to serve shall create a vacancy.
- **Section 4. Vacancy**. A vacancy on the Board of Directors is filled in the same manner as the original appointment to the Board of Directors. [Section 460.201(c)].
- **Section 5. Terms.** The term of office for a member of the Board of Directors is two years. A vacancy on the Board of Directors is filled in the same manner as the original appointment to the Board of Directors to fill the unexpired portion of such term of office, except as provided by Section 460.2015 of the Code for grandfathered municipalities.
- **Section 6. Meetings.** The Board of Directors shall hold at least one regular meeting each month. [Section 460.055(c)]. Special meetings of the Authority may be called by the Chair or Vice-Chair as necessary. [Section 460.204(b)].
- **Section 7. Quorum.** Five members constitute a quorum for purpose of conducting business. [Section 460.205(a)].
- **Section 8. Notice.** All meetings of the Authority and its committees shall be in compliance with Texas Open Meetings Act. [Section 460.102(a)(1)].

Section 9. Committees

- (a) The Chair of the Board may appoint such committees as from time to time may be deemed necessary and appropriate. The committee shall not have any power or authority to act on behalf of the Denton County Transportation Authority. The Chair will designate the chair of each committee, which will be comprised of at least three Board of Directors members, and will serve as an ex officio member of each committee.
- (b) The committee shall report its discussions or recommendations, subsequent to its meeting, to the next Board of Directors meeting. [Section 460.401].
- (c) The Executive Committee shall consist of the four (4) officers of the Board of Directors, and the Chair may appoint one additional eligible Director of the Board of Directors to the Executive Committee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no member of the Board of Directors, who is an employee of the governmental unit appointing such a person to the Board of Directors, may serve on the Executive Committee.

Section 10. Voting.

- (a) An action of the Board of Directors requires an affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors, but not less than five (5) Directors present and voting, except for a vote pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section. [Section 460.205(b)].
- (b) An affirmative vote of the majority of the entire Board of Directors, including two-thirds (2/3) vote of Directors representing Financial Participating Members is required for:
 - (1) a capital expenditure;
 - (2) operating or maintenance expenditure for a capital asset;
 - (3) material change of the service plan;
 - (4) amendment of the bylaws;
 - (5) the approval of a comprehensive development agreement ("CDA") or similar financial contractual obligation for a purpose not an express commitment of the DCTA Service Plan;
 - (6) the approval of a contract or other agreement between the DCTA and a municipality or other governmental authority located within the A-train Corridor for participation in DCTA; or
 - (7) the formation of a local government corporation, contracting with, joining or becoming a member or owner of a local government corporation.
- (c) Alternate Members. An alternate Board Member may only serve in the absence of the regular board member. An alternate Board Member may vote in place of the regular Board Member when the regular Board Member is absent.

Section 11. Procedure of Meetings. Notice of all meetings and hearings of Authority shall be given, and such meetings and hearings shall be held and conducted in accordance with the following order: applicable law, these Bylaws, the Board of Directors Rules of Procedure and Robert's Rules of Order, newly revised, to the extent not in conflict. The General Counsel of the Authority shall serve as parliamentarian to the Authority.

Section 12. Conflicts of Interest. Members of the Board of Directors and officers are subject to Chapter 171 Local Government Code. [Section 460.203].

Section 13. Population Changes.

- (a) At least annually but before any vote authorizing confirmation of the Authority or imposition of a sales and use tax, the Authority shall determine if any municipality located in the county that has not appointed a member to the Board of Directors as provided by Section 460.054(b)(1) of the Code, has grown to a population of 17,000 or more.
- (b) A determination of population growth to 17,000 or more will be documented by "Annual Population Estimates" for municipalities located in Denton County published by North Central Texas Council of Governments. The population of the municipality submitted to the Authority for approval may be challenged by a member of the Board of Directors.
- (c) The Board of Directors may certify: (i) that a municipality has a current population of 17,000 or more; and (ii) does not have a member appointed to the governing body as provided by Section 460.054(b)(1). Subsequent to the certification vote, a municipality so certified may forthwith appoint one member to the Board of Directors as provided by the Code.

ARTICLE IV OFFICERS

- **Section 1. Election.** The Board of Directors shall elect four (4) of its members to serve as the Chair, Vice-Chair, Treasurer, and Secretary. [Section 460.055(a)]. The Chair or Vice Chair shall be a Director representing a Financial Participating Member.
- **Section 2. Chair.** The Chair shall preside at all regular and special meetings of the Authority. Effective January 1, 2012, a member of the Board of Directors may not serve more than four (4) consecutive terms as Chair.
- **Section 3. Vice-Chair.** The Vice-Chair shall preside at any meeting of the Authority on the request of the Chair, or at which the Authority Chair is absent.
- **Section 4. Treasurer.** The Treasurer shall work with the Chief Financial Officer in preparing the budget and supervising the annual audit.

Section 5. Secretary. The Secretary shall review the minutes of all Board proceedings, make any necessary revisions, and attest to the accuracy of the minutes.

Section 6. Term. The officers of the Authority shall be elected from among the members of the Board of Directors and shall hold office for one (1) year. The term of office for each officer shall be for a period of one year and shall run from January 1 through and including December 31 of the calendar year.

ARTICLE V BUDGET AND FINANCE

Section 1. Fiscal Year. The Fiscal Year of the Authority shall end on September 30 of each year.

Section 2. Annual Budget. The Authority shall prepare an Annual Budget. [Section 460.403].

Section 3. Audit. The Authority shall have an annual audit of the affairs of the Authority prepared by an independent certified public accountant. Any deficiencies noted in the audit report shall be addressed at a regular meeting of the Authority and addressed on the record [Section 460.402].

ARTICLE VI RULES, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Board of Directors is responsible for the management, operation, and control of the authority and its properties. [Section 460.401].

ARTICLE VII INDEMNIFICATION

The Denton County Transportation Authority shall indemnify any member of the Board of Directors involved in any litigation including any civil, criminal or administrative action suit or proceeding, for reason of such member's alleged negligence or misconduct in the performance of his or her duties as a Board of Directors Member to the extent funds are lawfully available and subject to any other limitations that exist by law against liability, and reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees, actually and necessarily incurred, except where it is adjudged that such Board of Directors member acted with gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of their duties.

ARTICLE VIII AMENDMENT TO BYLAWS

These Bylaws may be altered, amended or repealed, or new Bylaws may be adopted pursuant to Article III, § 10(b) at any regular, properly posted meeting of the Authority, or any properly posted special meeting of the Authority, at which a quorum is present; provided that prior to consideration and vote by the Authority, any proposed revisions to the Bylaws may be reviewed and commented on by the Board of Directors and shall be provided in writing to all Authority Board of Directors members at least two weeks prior to action on the amendments.